

CONSTRUCTION PHASE PLAN

Project Name:
Project Number:

Location:

Insert Site Image Here

Construction Phase Plan Sign Off			
Title	Name	Signature	Date
Contracts Manager			
Project Manager			
Site Manager			
Senior Site Engineer			
Apprentice			
Senior Quantity Surveyor			
Design & Build Coordinator			
SHE Advisor			
Logistics Plan Sign Off – Revision			
Title	Name	Signature	Date
Operations Director			

Revision Number	Description of Change	Updated by	Date of update

Contact List

Job Title	Name	Location	Contact Number
Emergency Services Local Hospital Local Fire Station Local Police			
Emergency Spill Response			
Major Incident Response Major Incident Controller			
Environment Agency			
Utility providers - Gas Water Electricity Landline telephone Mobile telephone			
Fire Marshal First Aider personnel Security personnel			
Alarms-Premises Security Fire Emergency Lighting			
CCTV in site			
Insurance Group Communications			
Human Resources			
IT Helpdesk Support 24/7 Emergency			
Premises Key holders Client Key contact Landlord's agent			
Major Incident and Business Continuity Team			

Sales Office			
--------------	--	--	--

DRAFT

Contents		
Part	Section	Title
1 - Introduction	1.1	Introduction
2 – Description of Project	2.1	Project Description
	2.2	Programme Details
	2.3	Existing Records and Plans
3 – Project Directory	3.1	Client
	3.2	Principal Designer
	3.3	Principal Contractor
	3.4	Health & Safety Manager/Advisor
	3.5	Environmental Manager/Advisor
	3.6	Designers
	3.7	Consultants
	3.8	Statutory Authorities
4 – Management Structure & Responsibilities	4.1	Project Management
	4.2	Key Project Appointments & Responsibilities
	4.3	Mandatory SHE Requirements
	4.4	Project Specific SHE Objectives
	4.5	Consultation
	4.6	Construction Phase Plan Distribution & Document Control
	4.7	Construction Phase Plan Review
	4.8	Construction Phase Plan Archiving
	4.9	Ongoing Design Work
	4.10	Selection of Contractors
	4.11	Exchange of SHE Information Between Contractors
	4.12	Site Security
	4.13	Site Induction
	4.14	Training & Information
	4.15	Welfare Facilities
	4.16	Reporting & Investigation of Accidents & Incidents, Including Learning Events
	4.17	Risk Assessments & Method Statements
	4.18	Monitoring, Auditing & Reporting
	4.19	Communication with Statutory Stakeholders
	4.20	Handling External Communications
	4.21	Clients Restrictions & Site Rules
	4.22	Measurement & Testing
Appendices	A	Clients Pre Construction Information
	B	SHE Considerations Form
	C	Project Health & Safety Risk Assess. Form
	D	Traffic Management Plan
	E	Working at Height Strategy
	F	Lifting Strategy
	G	Demolition Plan
	H	Fire Safety & Other Emergencies Plan
	I	Occupational Health Strategy
	J	Temporary Works Plan
	K	Services' Plan
	L	Environmental Management Plan (EMP)
	M	Risk Assessment & Method Statement Register
	N	Site Personnel Appointment Sheets
	O	Training Matrix
	P	Company Policy Statements
	Q	Company Objectives & Targets
	R	Other

Part 1 – Introduction

1.1 Introduction

This Plan is a dynamic document demonstrating how **Company Name** will plan and construct the works, with due regard to safety, health and environmental matters.

Within this template text in red is guidance on completion or examples which require deleting or changing to black to leave only project specific content.

The identification of project specific SHE issues and the manner in which the construction phase will be managed must be set out within the Construction Phase Plan. This plan must set out the organisation and arrangements that have been put in place to manage risk and co-ordinate the work on site. Group Safety, Health and Environmental Considerations must be used when determining project specific requirements; this document must be retained in the Construction Phase SHE Plan and be focused, clear and easy for contractors and others to understand, emphasising key points and avoiding irrelevant material.

This Plan must not be a repository for generic risk assessments, records of how decisions were reached or detailed method statements. Assistance in compiling the Plan can be sought through SHE Managers/Advisors.

The Plan must be reviewed regularly, normally at least monthly, at a frequency to be determined with reference to the risk profile of the project.

On completion of the project the Plan will be archived as appropriate with the contract documents.

Part 2 – Description of Project

2.1 Project description

Survey Works

Temporary Works

Any Excavations

2.2 Programme Details

2.3 Existing Records & Plans –

2.3.1 Internal Records [insert those that are relevant to this project]

Document Title	Document Originator	Location of Document

2.3.2 External Records

Document Title	Document Originator	Location of Document
Clients Pre-Construction Information		Site file & electronic
Planning conditions		Site file & electronic
[Asbestos Refurbishment/ Demolition Survey]		Site file & electronic
Environmental Impact Assessment		Site file & electronic
BREEAM / CEEQUAL Assessment		
Ground investigation data / report		Site file & electronic
Ecology report		Site file & electronic

Part 3 – Project Directory

3.1 Client

3.2 Principal Designer

3.3 Principal Contractor (company head office) as per F10

3.4 Health & Safety Manager/Advisor

3.5 Environmental Manager / Advisor

3.6 Designer - Architectural

3.7 Specialist Company – Structural engineer

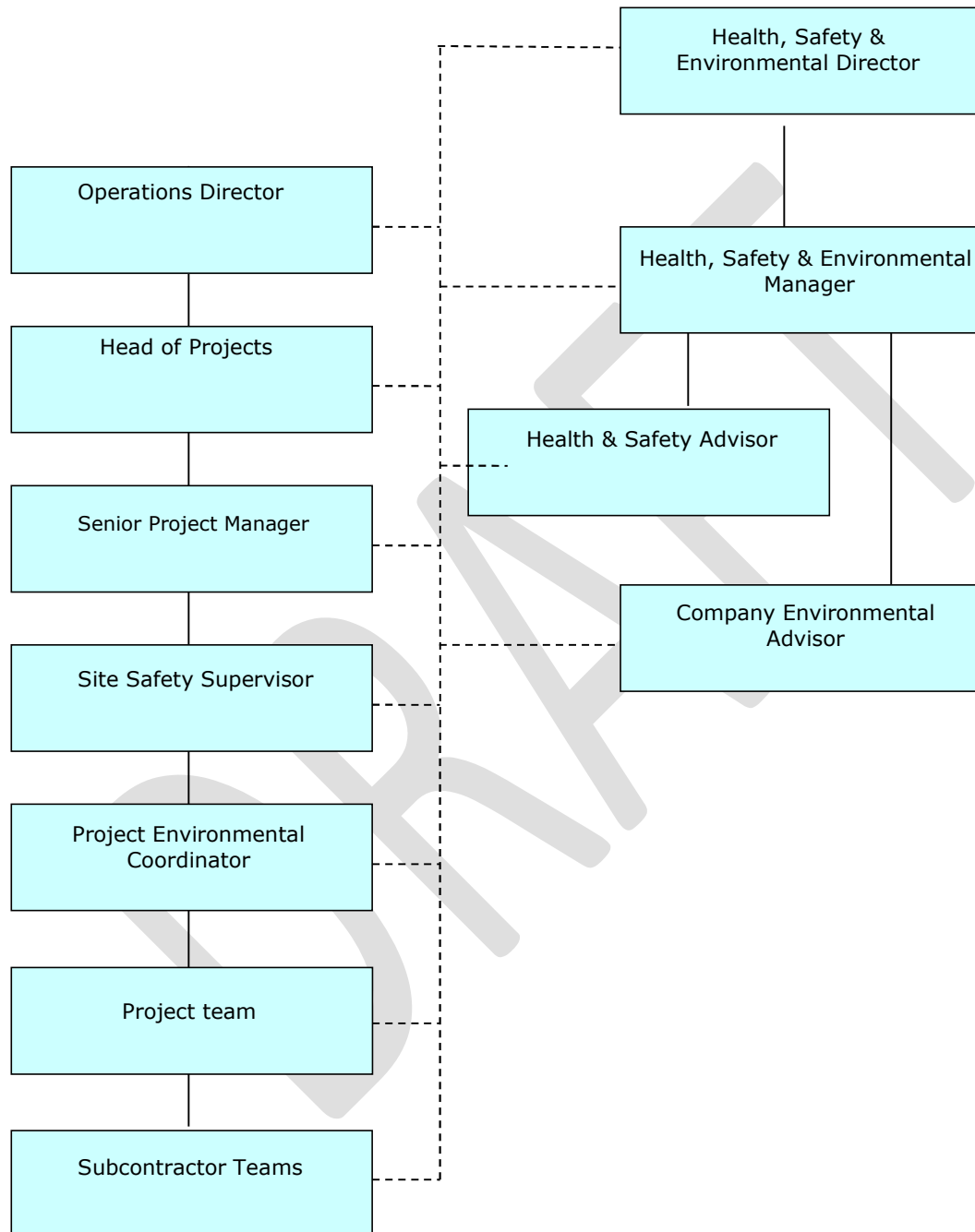
Statutory Authorities

3.7.1 Health & Safety Executive (HSE)/Office of Rail Regulator (ORR)

3.7.2 Sewerage Authority

Part 4 – Management Structure and Responsibilities

4.1 Project Management



4.2 Key Project Appointments & Responsibilities

This section defines the SHE responsibilities of key project personnel where appropriate change titles to suit business requirements:

Operations Director	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Review and approve Construction Phase Plans;• Monitor and control the management of the plans to ensure effective implementation;• Set SHE objectives and review performance against them;• Determine strategy for achieving SHE objectives and improvements;• Ensure that works are carried in a safe manner and that adequate resources are provided to carry out all operations with due regard to SHE and welfare;• Assist in any regulatory, external or internal audit as required;• Report any SHE initiatives that they consider could lead to improvement.	
Senior Project Manager	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ensure that workplaces under their control are adequate with respect to health, safety, welfare and the environment;• Ensure, so far as reasonably practicable that a suitable project specific Construction Phase Plan is prepared and implemented;• Make appointments where necessary, e.g. Site Health & Safety Supervisor, Project Environmental Co-ordinator, Fire Wardens etc;• Ensure, so far as reasonably practicable, employees and contractors are competent;• Recommend training needs to suit individual and workplace requirements;• Ensure that a mechanism is in place for effective consultation with employees and contractors;• Hold regular meetings with the project team to review SHE issues;• Review project management systems at regular intervals to ensure continued suitability and effectiveness;• Report to the client on SHE matters as required;• Provide regular reports on the effectiveness of the Construction Phase Plan to the Construction Director;• Assist in any regulatory, external or internal audit as required;• Report any SHE initiatives that they consider could lead to improvement.	
Site Manager	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Organise and implement the provision and maintenance of a working environment and systems of work that are, as far as is reasonably practicable, safe and without risk to human health or the environment;• Ensure that adequate monitoring and supervision arrangements are maintained and clearly defined areas of responsibility for contractors are established and implemented;• Approval of method statements and risk assessments;• Ensure SHE notice boards display up-to-date information;• Assist in any regulatory, external or internal audit as required;• Report any SHE initiatives that they consider could lead to improvement.	
SHE Manager/Environmental Advisor	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Maintain effective communications with 's Head of Safety, Health & Environment to ensure adequate flow of SHE information;• Provide advice to the Directors to enable them to set appropriate performance objectives and improvements;• Report on the levels of performance to enable Directors to review the effectiveness of current SHE arrangements;• Advise managers on measures to ensure the effective operation of the Group Health, Safety and Environment Management System and the promotion of a SHE culture;• Give advice and guidance, to any person who may require it, to promote the understanding and operation of SHE best practice;• Carry out regular inspections and audits, provide reports, give guidance and advice to managers, contractors, Health and Safety Supervisors and Environmental Co-ordinators;	

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Liaise with Project Environmental Co-ordinators as required; • To assist in any regulatory, external or internal audit as required; • Report any SHE initiatives that they consider could lead to improvement. 	
Project Team	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Be familiar with the Construction Phase Plan and co-operate in its implementation; • Identify significant safety, health and environmental risks connected with their work package / activity; • Observe all environmental requirements and be respectful to the environment; • Report any SHE initiatives that they consider could lead to improvement; • Conduct regular SHE inspections; • Report all potential / actual SHE risks to their supervisor as soon as possible; • Assist in any regulatory, external or internal audit as required; • Report any SHE initiatives that they consider could lead to improvement. 	
Contractor Teams	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Be familiar with this Construction Phase Plan and co-operate in its implementation; • Report any SHE initiatives that they consider could lead to improvement; • Manage all SHE risks associated with their work activity / package in accordance with procedures; • Provide completed environmental reports to the Project Environmental Co-ordinator as required; • Provide environmental toolbox talks to site staff (see section 4.14 for project specific requirement); • Report all potential / actual SHE risks to their supervisor and Project Environmental Co-ordinator as soon as possible; • Assist in any regulatory, external or internal audit as required; • Report any SHE initiatives that they consider could lead to improvement. 	

The following Appointment Sheets have been signed by nominated personnel and are located in Appendix N of this Construction Phase Plan:

Project Environmental Co-ordinator		
Temporary Works Co-ordinator		
Temporary Works Supervisor(s) (TWS)		
Site Safety Supervisor		
Asbestos Co-ordinator		
COSHH Co-ordinator		
Electrical Duty Holder		
Fire Safety Coordinator		
Fire Marshall(s)		
First Aider		

4.3 Project SHE Objectives

Head Office have the following SHE objectives for this project:

- Ensure adequate resources are available;
- To provide and maintain safe and healthy workplaces and safe working practices;
- Positively encouraging effective co-operation of contractors and others;
- Ensuring contractors and others have the necessary SHE information, instruction, supervision and competence;
- Ensure that all workers receive a project specific induction prior to starting work and visitors are escorted while on site.
- To meet project environmental requirements such as BREEAM/CEEQUAL ratings and Local Authority/Framework reporting arrangements

4.4 Project Specific SHE Objectives

4.5 Consultation

Company Name is a member of the Build UK Contractors Group and has committed to carrying out effective consultation with everyone on this project. The table below identifies the options chosen on this project.

PROJECT LEVEL	
Methods of Consultation	Methods Selected (Tick as appropriate)
1. SHE Committee 2. Trade Union Appointed Safety Rep 3. Site/Project Meetings 4. Induction	
WORKGANG LEVEL	
Methods of Consultation	Methods Selected (Tick as appropriate)
1. Toolbox Talks 2. Safety Analysis 3. Through Elected Representatives 4. Method Statement Briefings	
INDIVIDUAL LEVEL	
Methods of Consultation	Methods Selected (Tick as appropriate)
1. Feedback/Suggestion Boxes 2. Directly with each employee 3. Whistle blowing procedures 4. Open door policy	
If the method of consultation is not appropriate or your views are not being taken into account, please contact The SHE Manager & Environmental contact	

4.6 Construction Plan Distribution & Document Control

The current edition must be available on site to all staff and relevant information provided to supply chain members. Changes to this document or appendices will also be communicated to affected contractors and workers through consultation methods described in 4.5 of this document. All revisions will be recorded on the 'revisions' list (see front cover).

4.7 Construction Plan Review

This document and associated appendices will be reviewed monthly, as a minimum standard. The purpose of the review is to ensure the controls described in this plan are appropriate and followed in practice.

Where contractors do not work safely or comply with the plan, **Company Name** will take appropriate action to deal with the risk.

4.8 Construction Plan Archiving

On completion of each element of the works, all documentation will be archived in accordance with the *Documentation Standard*

4.9 Ongoing Design Work

All ongoing designs will be part of the minuted design reviews that are programmed every month. The Principal Designer and other designers will be an integral part of the design review meeting.

This plan will be reviewed in light of any on-going design work. Any revisions will be documented in 'revisions' lists. The hazards and risks associated with ongoing design work will be recorded and presented to affected contractors at the earliest opportunity. Designers risk assessments must be retained in Appendix B.

4.10 Selection of Contractors/Subcontractors

Selection of all contractors/subcontractors including designers and consultants will be in accordance with the *Procurement Procedure* and CDM Procedure which meets the requirements detailed within HSE's Approved Code of Practice L153 'Managing health and safety in construction' Construction (Design & Management) Regulations 2015.

4.11 Exchange of SHE Information Between Contractors

Company Name site team will manage and chair short minuted meetings on a weekly basis with contractors' Foremen/Supervisors to facilitate the flow of information between contractors and to review general SHE performance and safe systems of work. This meeting will also discuss training needs and findings from any inspection/audit/review by internal/external parties such as the SHE team, HSE, EA, etc.

4.12 Site Security

will be responsible for security of the site and shall ensure all work equipment is left safe and inaccessible to unauthorised users at the end of each day. In particular, site management shall ensure that storage and welfare areas are left secure and inaccessible to unauthorised users, at all times.

4.13 Site Induction

It is the responsibility of the Site Manager to ensure each and every operative arriving at site for the first time or after an absence of one week receives a site induction. The site induction must provide attendees with information on site specific SHE hazards and risks that will be encountered, along with the necessary risk control measures and site rules.

Site inductions will start at 08:00 every morning or when required and will last approximately 30 minutes. It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure their workforce arrives at the allotted time. Normally those attending late will be turned away.

All site inductions will be recorded on Induction Forms which must be stored in the Project SHE Register. Where it can not be evidenced that a person has undergone a site induction they will be prevented from working until they have received the induction.

Frequent visitors, such as Safety Advisors, will need to be inducted to site. One-off or infrequent visitors can be escorted around site with the permission of the Site Manager who is responsible for ensuring the escort is competent to undertake the task.

For supervisors an additional induction will be provided, and on completion supervisors will be provided with a yellow hard hat for easy identification.

4.14 Training & Information

SHE training and information for this project will be provided through the following:

- Site Induction
- SHE Notice Boards
- Regular Site Meetings
- Regular SHE Meetings
- Toolbox Talks
- SHE Bulletins / Alerts

Contractors must ensure individual competency can be demonstrated in accordance with **Company Name** procedures.

Any training need identified is to be addressed by the relevant contractor and monitored to ensure compliance.

Contractors must ensure that relevant environmental and occupational health toolbox talks are provided in addition to safety related talks to project personnel at a minimum frequency of four per month. Delivery of additional toolbox talks may be required by .

All supervisors are required to provide evidence of relevant training and/or qualification to meet Build UK Standards e.g. 2 day SSSTS or the 5 day SMSTS course. A copy of which is to be retained in the Project SHE Register.

Trade operatives are required to provide evidence of competence. A copy of which is to be retained in the Project SHE Register.

Contractors will be required to provide details of training provision / arrangements for their workforce.

The following table provides details of standard site specific information:

Type of Information	Location	Action
Location of First Aid Box(es)		
Location of First Aider		
Location of F10		
Insurance Certificates		
Accident Book		

SHE signage to be positioned in appropriate locations around the site to disseminate SHE information. A SHE information noticeboard is to be displayed in the canteen and the Project/Site Manager shall ensure that information is kept up to date.

4.15 Welfare Facilities

This site will have the following welfare facilities installed:

Type of facility	Used by	Location	Maintenance/Cleaning Frequency

While every effort is made to ensure that welfare facilities are clean, stocked and serviceable any shortfalls must be immediately reported to the Site Manager for action.

4.16 Reporting and Investigation of Accidents & Incidents, Including Near Miss/Learning Events

All accidents, incidents, dangerous occurrences, must be reported to the Principal Contractor's Site Manager. The process for reporting and investigating such incidents is contained within the *Incident and Near Miss Standard*.

4.17 Risk Assessments & Method Statements

All known SHE hazards and risks will be reviewed at the pre-order meeting. Risk assessments, method statements and safe working practices are to be prepared 48 hours in advance of commencement of the operation on site. All risk assessments must include reference to known environmental issues. Risk assessments and method statements will be recorded and retained on site. All method statements received from contractors are to be approved before commencement of any works. This process is to be recorded on the 'Date Checked' column in the table below. Where information is insufficient the contractor must be contacted urgently and a joint review carried out to establish a suitable safe system of work.

Specific hazards already identified by the designer and which generally affect the site or its proposed works are:

Ref No	Operation	Risk Assessment	Method Statement	Date Required	Date Issued	Date Checked
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						

4.18 SHE Inspection, Monitoring, Audit & Review

General SHE monitoring will be undertaken by the project team throughout the duration of the project. *Combined SHE Weekly Monitoring Sheet*. Where opportunities for improvement are identified, action will be prompt.

Specific SHE monitoring will be conducted by the project team in accordance with the contract and requirements of the client, local authority and other regulatory bodies. Significant SHE issues will be raised at project progress meetings. All matters requiring action will be closed-out promptly.

Projects will be audited on a periodic basis to assess compliance with legislative requirements, contractual obligations, the Company Policy Statements and procedures.

4.19 Communication with Statutory Stakeholders

All site visits/meetings and correspondence from enforcing authorities such as HSE, EA and Local Authorities will be recorded in the Site File. All requests for information from enforcing authorities are to be notified to the relevant SHE Manager/Advisor without delay who will advise on the appropriate course of action.

4.20 Handling External Communications

Site communications will be dealt with in accordance with Company procedures. All complaints, compliments & comments are to be logged.

4.21 Clients Restrictions & Site Rules

- Foot Protection
- Eye and Hand Protection
- Accident Reporting
- No Radios / Mobile phones
- No Smoking
- Full CDM 2015 compliance

Site Working Hours

Site activities to be conducted outside agreed working hours must be approved in advance by the clients Environmental Health Department.

The Project Environmental Co-ordinator will be advised of all out-of-hours and weekend work, a minimum of two weeks before work is programmed to take place.

Noise, Dust & Vibration Limits

The permitted current sound levels in the work location is 80db [A]

The permitted dust levels on site are to be closely monitored and measures in place to keep to a minimum.

The permitted vibration levels to be closely monitored and measures put in place to keep to a minimum.

4.22 Measurement & Testing

Measurement and testing will be undertaken as required by the client or other relevant body. Records will be stored on site and made available on request.

Where measurement and testing indicates non-compliance with contractual obligations or this Construction Phase Plan, corrective actions will be raised in accordance with company SHE and quality management procedures.

Calibration will take place as recommended by the equipment manufacturer, and in accordance with company management procedures.

Appendix A

Clients Pre-construction Information and specific site rules

Appendix B

SHE Considerations, Designers Risk Assessments & Project Risk Register

PROJECT SHE CONSIDERATIONS				
Reference: Construction Design and Management Regulations – A.C.O.P.				
For completion at Tender Stage with reference to the Tender Stage Health and Safety Plan provided by the Principal Designer.				
NOTE:				
All applicable items must be carried forward to the Project Safety Assessment and all interested parties informed. If there is insufficient information refer back to the Principal Designer.				
CF	=	Carry Forward		
PHSA	=	Project Health and Safety Assessment		
APP	=	Applicable		
		App	Comments	CF to PHSA
1.	EXISTING ENVIRONMENT			
a)	Are there any planning restrictions which relate to the following?			
i)	Working hours			
ii)	Noise			
iii)	Dust			
iv)	Vibration			
v)	Light			
vi)	Wheel wash			
vii)	Operating a crushing &/or screening plant			
viii)	Craneage – airspace			
ix)	Archaeology or standing heritage			
x)	Specific local authority KPI reporting requirements			
xi)	Restriction on vehicle emissions e.g. London Emission Zone (LEX), or use of plant / vehicles with Euro 4+ engines			
xii)	Drainage from temporary carpark(s) must incorporate an oil / fuel interceptor			
b)	Are there any existing services?			
i)	Underground cables			
ii)	Overhead cables			
iii)	Gas Main			

iv)	Telecommunications			
v)	Fibre optic			
vi)	Computer/Cable Vision			
c)	Are there any traffic restrictions?			
i)	On / off site parking			
ii)	Delivery times			
iii)	Access for emergency vehicles			
iv)	Ground conditions			
		App	Comments	CF to PHSA
d)	Are there any existing structures on site with specific Health and Safety hazards?			
i)	Asbestos			
ii)	Fragile roofing			
iii)	Unstable structure			
e)	Are there any problems with the ground?			
i)	Contamination			
ii)	Subsidence			
iii)	Instability			
2.	EXISTING DRAWINGS (IF APPLICABLE)			
a)	Have all available drawings of the structure(s) to be demolished, or incorporated into the proposed structure, been made available?			
3.	THE DESIGN			
a)	Have any hazards or work sequences been identified which may be a risk to workers' safety?			
b)	Have any precautions or sequences of erection been stipulated to improve safety?			
c)	Is prefabrication possible?			
d)	Is a BREEAM, CEEQUAL or similar rating required?			
e)	Have any decisions been taken by the design team with regard to reducing waste			
4.	CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS			

a)	Have any hazardous materials been specified which cannot be avoided?			
b)	Has any timber been specified that does not meet the requirements of 's Timber Purchasing policy?			
c)	Is there a need to demonstrate that materials have been responsibly sourced to meet, for example, BREEAM requirements			
		App	Comments	CF to PHSA
5.	SITE			
a)	Have any stipulations been made, or problems highlighted, regarding the location of site access, site accommodation, unloading/storage areas and traffic and pedestrian routes?			
6.	CLIENT'S UNDERTAKING (IF APPLICABLE)			
	Are there any identified SHE issues to take into consideration when working on Client's occupied premises?			
7.	SITE RULES			
	Have any specific site rules been stipulated by the Employer or his representative?			
8.	LIAISON			
	Have procedures been established for the consideration of SHE implications arising from design elements of contractors work packages and substantial design changes?			
9.	PROTECTION OF THE PUBLIC			
a)	Select perimeter / entrance locations and type based on risk.			
b)	Consider security requirements e.g. security guard, CCTV, lighting etc.			

c)	Consider existing emergency arrangements, are they affected?			
d)	Are public roads / paths affected, what type of physical barrier will be required?			
e)	Are the public exposed to risks from falling materials / objects?			

Appendix C – Initial Project Health & Safety Risk Assessment

PROJECT HEALTH AND SAFETY ASSESSMENT					
Project Title:			Project No.:		
Assessment by:			Date:		
NOTE TICK BOX IF: APP = Applicable R/A = Risk Assessment Refer to Appendix C Part 2 for more detailed Risk Assessments Refer also to Appendix N for schedule of Risk Assessments and Method statements. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REQUIRED SHOULD BE NOTED ON SEPARATE SHEETS					
Item	Activity	APP	Comments (what is known/ relevant matters)	ACTION	
				Specific RA required	By Whom
1.0	Site Establishment				
2.0	Welfare				

3.0	Fencing/Security	x	Traffic Management Plan	x	DB

Item	Activity	APP	Comments (what is known/ relevant matters)	ACTION	
				Specific RA required	By Whom
4.0	Access/Delivery				
5.0	Power/Electricity				
6.0	Existing Services				
7.0	Safety Information and Signs				

Item	Activity	APP	Comments (what is known/ relevant matters)	ACTION	
				Specific RA required	By Whom
8.0	Training				
9.0	Fire Precautions				
10.0	Emergency Procedures				
11.0	Health Surveillance				

--	--	--	--	--	--

Item	Activity	APP	Comments (what is known/ relevant matters)	ACTION	
				Specific RA required	By Whom
12.0	Personal Protective Equipment				
13.0	Noise Control				
14.0	Materials Storage and Control				
15.0	Sub-Contractors Safety Management				

Item	Activity	APP	Comments (what is known/ relevant matters)	ACTION	
				Specific RA required	By Whom
16.0	Protection of Public				
17.0	Contaminated Ground				
18.0	Roadworks/Traffic Management				
19.0	Asbestos/Lead				

Item	Activity	APP	Comments (what is known/ relevant matters)	ACTION	
				Specific RA required	By Whom
20.0	Materials Handling				
21.0	Plant and Equipment				
22.0	Temporary Works				
23.0	Piling				

Item	Activity	APP	Comments (what is known/ relevant matters)	ACTION
------	----------	-----	--	--------

				Specific RA required	By Whom
24.0	Demolition				
25.0	Excavations				
26.0	Confined Spaces				
27.0	Scaffolding				

Item	Activity	APP	Comments (what is known/ relevant matters)	ACTION	
				Specific RA required	By Whom

28.0	Working at Heights				
29.0	Steel Erection				
30.0	Cladding				
31.0	Roof Work				

Item	Activity	APP	Comments (what is known/ relevant matters)	ACTION	
				Specific RA required	By Whom
32.0	Mechanical				

33.0	Electrical				
34.0	Work Over Water				
35.0	Specialist Process				

Item	Activity	APP	Comments (what is known/ relevant matters)	ACTION	
				Specific RA required	By Whom
36.0	Any Additional Environmental Issues				

37.0	Waste Management Strategy				
38.0	Other (Specify)				

Appendix C – Initial Project Health & Safety Risk Assessment ~ Part 2

ACTIVITY	POSSIBLE RISKS	RISK (LOW, MEDIUM, HIGH)	ACTION REQUIRED TO REDUCE RISK TO AN ACCEPTABLE LEVEL	METHOD STATEMENT REQUIRED	FURTHER RA / MS REQUIRED (E.G. BY CONTRACTOR)
Protection of visitors and personnel (including staff) i.e. Site Manager, Assistant Site Manager, Site Engineers, Clerk of Works, General Operatives, Gate Attendant, Banksman, Hoist Operator and Quantity Surveyors	Impact Crushing Slips/trips Collision Personal Injury	M	All visitors to site to be inducted and escorted around the site by Site management. Visitors to preferably bring own PPE but Company Name will have stock on site. Visitors must not carry out any works on site.	N	N
Site establishment Setting up temp accommodation	Impact Crushing Obstruction Access Loss of Load	L	Plan works in advance with Client, agree areas with client prior, remove unnecessary materials & fixtures	N	N
Fencing / Security	Fence Panels Falling Manual Handling Striking Existing Services	L	Heras fencing to be used around skip areas with mandatory signage displayed, keep locked to prevent unauthorised access	N	N
Access to Site	Collision Impact Crushing Obstruction Access Routes Striking or Arcing OH Power	L	Heras fencing to be utilised to separate car park traffic from site traffic, agree routes with Client for contractors for separate site entrance. Public walkways to be installed.	N	N
Roadworks / Traffic Management	As Above	M	Site TMP to be completed by site manager including plant movement	Y	Y
Existing Services	Fire Electric Shock Explosion Disruption to existing buildings	M	A detailed surveyor to be completed to identify underground services. All above ground existing services are to be managed by on site engineering team.	Y	Y

ACTIVITY	POSSIBLE RISKS	RISK (LOW, MEDIUM, HIGH)	ACTION REQUIRED TO REDUCE RISK TO AN ACCEPTABLE LEVEL	METHOD STATEMENT REQUIRED	FURTHER RA / MS REQUIRED (E.G. BY CONTRACTOR)
Power / Electricity	Electric Shock Burns Fire	M	A detailed surveyor to be completed to identify underground services. All electrical works carried out by trained/competent and qualified operatives, all testing complete prior to final connections and usage. No unauthorised personnel to install. Any defective cables or plant to be removed immediately and not used. PAT testing of equipment on site necessary. All testing equipment to be calibrated on an annual basis	Y	Y
Plant & Equipment	Impact Crushing Collision Electric Shock	M	All plant to be operated by trained/qualified/competent personnel only	Y	Y
Use of step ladders	Fall of operative Falling objects Ladder instability / movement	L	Steps are last form of access, scaffold towers by PASMA qualified personnel, podiums are preferred methods of access.	N	N
Use of mobile towers	Fall of operative Falling objects Collapsing or soft Ground	M	Ground examination prior to any plant movement	Y	Y
Work at height	Fall of operatives Falling objects Loading out Access Collapsing or soft Ground	M	Working of ladders, pre use checks to be undertaken before use and a monthly check log must be documented for each individual set of steps	Y	Y
Materials Handling	Fall of Materials Overturning of plant/cranes	L	Mechanical means such as pallet trucks to be utilised wherever possible, in the event this is unsuitable or impractical then manual handling trained personnel to move materials in accordance with manual handling regulations 1992 and training by employer	Y	Y

Materials storage & control	Falls of materials Obstruction of access routes Unauthorised access / use	M	Materials to be stored as per manufacturer recommendations for the type/size/weight. All materials to be secured in site compound	Y	Y
Manual Handling	Musculoskeletal injury	M	Manual handling trained personnel to move materials in accordance with manual handling regulations 1992 and training by employer	Y	Y

ACTIVITY	POSSIBLE RISKS	RISK (LOW, MEDIUM, HIGH)	ACTION REQUIRED TO REDUCE RISK TO AN ACCEPTABLE LEVEL	METHOD STATEMENT REQUIRED	FURTHER RA / MS REQUIRED (E.G. BY CONTRACTOR)
Ground Conditions	High water table, Laying water, Soft ground, sloping ground, overturning of equipment, ground washout, undermining.	M/H	Measures to be put in place to minimize the possibility of a potential hazardous situation. All activities to be planned and accessed prior to commencement. Works to be closely monitored.	Y	Y
Vibration	Hand Arm Vibration	M	Measures to be put in place to minimize time spent on potential hazardous activities. Works to be closely monitored.	Y	Y
Use of hazardous materials	Dermatitis, Respiratory problems, Eye Damage	M	All operations to be in line with the CCOSH regulations.	Y	Y

Appendix D – Traffic Management Plan

Site Plan Drawing Numbers:	
Type of vehicles likely to be on site	Coordinated deliveries only, delivery to site compound & designated storage container. Heavy goods vehicles & trailer.
Amount of parking required on site	Site Manager, contract staff and visiting staff.

Current Site Issues

Restricted routes to site	Site surrounded by small 'country' roads. Large vehicles to plan route carefully.
Parking restrictions in area	Parking in allocated spaces only, No parking in the public car park. Very limited parking on the main road.
One way systems or other road control in place	N/A
Emergency routes to be maintained	Access and egress is located at the front of the site. Two entrances to main car park. Access to the section is managed by supervisor to gated and warning signs in place.
Type of roads (e.g. busy, one way, etc)	Centre public car park can become very busy during peak times.
General information about area (e.g. schools, residential, shops, etc)	General area very quiet. Centre car park gets busy with public and centre volunteers [Thursdays]. Regular school visiting parties [coach parking].
Overhead/Underground Site Restrictions	Refer to site survey and local knowledge.

Traffic Management Required

Access route to site cabins	Managed by supervisor. Separated by Heras fencing, designated routes and warning signage.
------------------------------------	---

Route for materials to be moved from site to working area	Managed by supervisor. Separated by Heras fencing, designated routes.
Parking areas	Cordoned off car park area.
Deliveries and unloading areas	All deliveries must be timed and agreed with site supervisor before visit, proceed to storage container and fenced off site store.
Parking for scaffold trucks	To be agreed with site supervisor before site operation commence. to liaise with centre staff.
Reversing required	Banksman/site supervisor in attendance
Pedestrian routes that require alteration	This will be on-going throughout the works, all to be discussed and agreed in advance with centre staff.
Additional lighting required	Not anticipated.
Blind spots created and controls	Monitored and supervised by the site staff.
Any affect on road / pavements e.g. by scaffolding	Monitored and supervised by the site staff.
Areas with public boundaries	Monitored and supervised by the site staff.

Appendix E – Working at Height Strategy

Working at height

All working at height [any height if fell could cause injury] will take place in line with current WAH regulations. All RAMs to be approved prior to any contractor commencement on site. Site inductions to be completed prior to all operatives starting on site.

Items identified [contact specific]

External works

- Steel erection/fixing
- Scaffolding erection and dismantling
- Scaffolding access – Non scaffolders
- Access tower works – timber cladding, window fitting, timber hide works
- Ladder works – Short duration works
- Hop-up works – window fitting, low level decoration
- Metal cladding

Internal works

- First and second fix trades access – podium step, hop-ups

All contractors prior to WAH are to have their RAMs assessed and approved using the appropriate documentation.

Appendix F – Lifting Strategy

Lifting Operations and lifting equipment

1. Purpose

To ensure that any lifting operations are carried out safely and the provision, purchase, safe use, servicing and maintenance of any lifting equipment meets with legal requirements, the manufacturers' recommendations.

1.1. Definitions

Lifting operations refers to all the activities associated with the lifting and lowering of the load Lifting equipment includes any equipment used at work for lifting or lowering loads, including attachments used for anchoring, fixing or supporting it LOLER means the Lifting Operations and Lifting Equipment regulations.

Purchaser means any employee authorised for purchasing or procuring items of work equipment for the use of employee 'First provided for use' – Refers to the date on which work equipment is received for use at the premises or undertaking. Competent means that the person has the relevant experience, knowledge and/or qualifications to allow them to undertake an activity safely and effectively.

2. Procedures

2.1. Lifting operations and Lifting Equipment

1.1.1. Management ensure that lifting operations are planned, supervised and carried out in a safe manner by people who are competent as detailed in HSE/LOLER

1.1.2. Management ensure that in using any lifting equipment the requirements of LOLER are met, as detailed in HSE/LOLER

1.1.3. Management ensure that all lifting equipment is: Sufficiently strong, stable and suitable for the proposed use. Similarly, the load and anything attached (e.g. timber pallets, lifting points) is suitable;

Positioned or installed to prevent the risk of injury, e.g. from the equipment or the Load falling or striking people; visibly marked with any appropriate information that takes into account its safe use, e.g. safe working loads. Accessories, e.g. slings, clamps etc, should be similarly marked; and Where equipment is used for lifting people it is marked accordingly, and it is safe for such a purpose, e.g. all necessary precautions have been taken to eliminate or reduce any risk; and Where appropriate, before lifting equipment (including accessories) is used for the first time, it is thoroughly examined. Lifting equipment may need to be thoroughly examined in use at periods specified in the Regulations (i.e. at least six-monthly for accessories and equipment used for lifting people and, at a minimum, annually for all other equipment) or at intervals laid down in an examination scheme drawn up by a competent person ; and All examination work is only performed by a competent person and Following a thorough examination or inspection of any lifting equipment, a report is submitted by that competent person to the Management so that they may take the appropriate action.

2.2. Information and Instructions

2.2.1. Management ensure that all relevant all relevant health and safety information and written instructions on lifting operations and lifting equipment is easily accessible and available to all employees. Where appropriate, adequate information and written instructions is made available to persons who supervise or manage lifting operations and lifting equipment.

2.3. Training

2.3.1. Management ensure all those who use lifting equipment or carry out, supervise or manage lifting operations are suitably trained.

2.3.2. Management ensure that any shortfall between existing competence and that deemed necessary to use, supervise or manage lifting operations or the use of lifting equipment is verified and recorded.

2.3.3. Further information on training requirements and guidance is available through the Training Procedure.

3. Related Documents and Information

3.1 Procedures

Work Equipment

Hazard Identification and Risk Management Procedure

3.2 Guidance Notes

Work Equipment Guidance –

3.3 Further information

Group Health and Safety HSE/LOLER,

Appendix G – Demolition Plan

Contract name:		Contract no:		Ref:	
Work / package type: Demolition / Dismantle Check trade aide memoir for details -		Location: Drawing ref: Spec ref:			
On all Construction projects the quality inspection requires the project manager or delegate to inspect the works to ensure that it's aligned with the appropriate specification. The project quality plan should be referred to in order to understand which corroborating evidence is required to demonstrate good quality. It may <u>not</u> always be necessary to perform the second inspection verification. Second verifications are required on work packages deemed high risk from the project quality plan. For each package the project manager is expected to endorse that the work package is ready for validation by the client.					
Standard criteria It is your responsibility to ensure that all quality aspects are checked – use the appropriate trade memoir if in doubt.	First verification		Second verification		Corroborating evidence Check project quality plan for base documents required to demonstrate good quality.
	Initial	Date	Initial	Date	
Attach copy of subcontractor quality inspection sheets					
Sequence of demolition agreed with structural engineer					
Building examined by competent and qualified person					
Any temporary works identified					
Health hazards identified and made safe:					
➤ Contamination					
➤ Lead					
➤ Risk of pollution					
➤ Gases					

➤ Foul waste					
➤ Radiation					
➤ Asbestos removed; clean air certificate issued					
Waste carrier registration number					
Waste disposal methods discussed with environmental manager					
Crushing licence required?					
Method statement approved? Does it address:					
➤ Job description					
➤ Appointed supervisor					

Work package completed by: (print name)	Signature:	Subcontractor:	Date: DD.MM.YYYY
---	-------------------	-----------------------	----------------------------

Ready for client validation: (print name)	Signature:	company:	Date: DD.MM.YYYY
---	-------------------	-----------------	----------------------------

Standard criteria It is your responsibility to ensure that all quality aspects are checked – use the appropriate trade memoir if in doubt.	First verification		Second verification		Corroborating evidence Check project quality plan for base documents required to demonstrate good quality.
	Initial	Date	Initial	Date	
<i>i. Drawing approval</i>					
➤ Demolition method and sequence					
➤ Hazardous substances					
➤ Safety of public					
➤ Debris removal					
➤ Safe access / egress					
➤ Protective equipment					
➤ Emergency procedures					
Gas disconnected					
Electricity disconnected					
Water / fire main disconnected					
Comms / fibre-optic disconnected					
Details of all live services known of clearly marked / signposted					
Warning signs and barriers erected					

Noise control measures					
Dust control measures					
Vibration control					
Cut line to retained elements					
Requirement for making good					
Okay to proceed with demolition?					
Work package completed by: (print name)	Signature:		Subcontractor:		Date: DD.MM.YYYY
Ready for client validation: (print name)	Signature:		company:		Date: DD.MM.YYYY

Appendix H – Fire Safety & Other Emergencies Plan

Project Title:

Start Date:

Anticipated completion:

Plan Produced By:

Date Produced: [Amendments]

Signature:

Maximum anticipated number of persons on site:

Current Fire Hazard Risk Rating: NORMAL

[illegible]

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Referral to the Fire Management Standard and identified references is essential when developing or reviewing this site specific **Fire Safety and Other Emergency Plan**.

2.0 ORGANISATION

Insert the following details:

The Project/Site Manager (Responsible Person) Is:

The Site Fire Safety Coordinator for this project is

The Deputy Site Fire Safety Coordinator is:

The Fire Marshals are:

Out of hours contact arrangements are (specify): Contact numbers displayed on site.

All other emergency contact details can be found in section 3 of the Construction Phase Plan.

3.0 EMERGENCY & INCIDENT PREPAREDNESS

3.1 Environmental

has a call-out arrangement with a specialist contractor capable of providing advice and responding quickly to an oil / chemical spill, or other pollution event. For further information, please refer to Minimum Standard

In the event assistance is required to deal with an environmental incident, a member of the project team shall contact the appointed specialist contractor using the telephone number below:

Company:
Address:
Telephone:

4.0 INCIDENT REPORTING

Should an incident occur, follow the Major Incident Response Plan Standard and/or SHE Incident Management & Investigation Process flowchart within the Incident & Near Miss Management Standard .

5.0 GENERAL ARRANGEMENTS

5.1 Current Fire Hazard Rating Normal

5.2 Design Risk Assessment (FIRE) *Design Stage Fire Risk Assessment*

Designers must comply with their duties under the CDM Regulations 2015, with particular reference to Regulations 11 and 18 regarding fire, including any temporary fire precautions required during construction.

Reference must be made to the current editions of the following documents whilst completing this form;

- HSG 168 Fire Safety in Construction Work.
- The Joint Code of Practice, Fire Prevention on Construction Sites.
- UKTFA 16 Steps to Fire Safety on Timber Frame Construction Sites (where relevant)

The Design Manager must ensure this form is completed and signed prior to issuing to the construction team.

Business Unit:

Project:

Construction commencement date:

Design Manager Name:

Signature:

Date:

Type of Structure

Other (Specify)			

Risk Classification

As defined in HSG 168 table 1 (extract included on page 4). Tick as appropriate	Normal	High
--	--------	------

Fire Strategy

Final Fire Detection Solution

Provide details:

Additional fire extinguishers at point of works, two-way radios issued due to remote working, 90 min hot works watch time.

Final Fire Fighting Solution

Provide details:

Fire Risk Management

Can non-combustible and non-flammable materials be specified to reduce the fire load?

Provide details:

Can Hotworks be avoided?

Provide details:

Fire Protection

The designer responsible for the Fire Strategy of the structure is to provide details of key design aspects relating to fire management which the contractor should take into account during construction.

Prevention of smoke and flame progressing through the structure during construction.

Provide details:

Provision of fire protective materials to structural steelwork. Creating fire stops.

Provide details:

Permanent fire escape route and stairs.

Provide details:

Earliest installation of final firefighting, detection and alarm systems

Provide details:

Construction Phase

As part of the construction phase planning a Fire Risk Assessment must be produced by the Principal Contractor. This should be undertaken in conjunction with the designer responsible for the fire strategy and cover the issues in the Joint Code of Practice, including;

- Prevention of smoke and flame progressing through the structure during construction.
- Provision of fire protective materials to structural steelwork.
- Creating fire stops
- Permanent fire escape routes and stairs.
- Earliest installation of final fire fighting alarm and detection systems.
- Co-operation with fire and emergency services.

The Principal Contractor will develop this into a Fire Plan for construction (including commissioning).

Liaison

Principal Designer

--

Client

<i>Ensure consultation with client – Interface with public / occupied building.</i>

NB *Text given in red should be considered as guidance. It is NOT intended as an exhaustive list of points for consideration and must not be used as such.*

DEFINITIONS

Type of Structure

High Rise Construction Site: a site where the workforce is at risk by being outside the distance by which the fire and rescue service can affect a rescue by mechanical means (currently 30m reach from the position where a fire appliance may be parked).

Risk Classification

Maximum Travel Distances
(Table 1, from HSG 168)

	Fire Hazard		
	Low	Normal	High
Enclosed Structures:			
Alternative Escapes	60m	45m	25m
Dead End	15m	18m	12m
Semi-Open Structures			
Alternative Escapes	200m	100m	60m
Dead End	25m	18m	12m

Semi-open structures are completed or partially constructed structures in which there are substantial openings in the roof or external walls, which would allow smoke and heat from any fire to readily disperse, and which are not at risk of exposure from radiation or direct impingement from a fire on the site.

Alternative escape routes should, where possible, proceed in substantially opposite directions. The principle is that they are sufficiently apart that any fire should not immediately affect both routes. As such, they should not be less than 45° apart.

Dead-end travel distances are significantly restricted. This is so people have time to negotiate their way past any fire between them and the exit before it threatens their escape.

Lower-hazard areas are those where there is very little flammable or combustible material present and the likelihood of fire occurring is low. Examples could be steel or concrete clad framework or structures in pre-fitting-out stages

Normal-hazard areas will cover the majority of situations. Flammable and combustible materials are present, but of such a type and disposition that any fire will initially be localised.

Higher-hazard areas are locations where significant quantities of flammable or combustible materials are present of such a type that, in the event of a fire, rapid spread will occur, possibly accompanied by evolution of copious amounts of smoke or fume. Normal precautions to minimise the fire load should ensure that such areas are rare on construction sites. Examples of where they might occur are demolition or refurbishment work involving oil-contaminated wooden floors or linings, and fixing floor and wall coverings using flammable adhesives.

Travel distances are measured as the actual distance a person must walk and not as the crow flies. Care should be taken to minimise obstructions so that maximum travel distances are not exceeded. It is sensible to arrange the work to keep travel distances as short as possible.

5.3 Construction Phase Fire Risk Assessment

Construction Phase Fire Risk Assessment

Business Unit:
Contract:

Site:
Assessed By:

Date of Assessment:
Review Date:

Timber Frame		Up to four storeys		Risk Rating	
Steel Frame		Over four storeys			
Concrete Frame		High Rise (as defined in the JCOP)			
Other (Specify)				Max number on site	
Hazard	Who is at risk	controls required	Action By		Completed
			Who	When	
Ignition sources					
Naked Flame	N/A				
Temporary electrics	Site team				
Temporary lighting	N/A				
Arson	Site team	Lock away flammable materials	SM	On-going	
Smoking	Site team	Smoking area set up and policed	SM	On-going	
Power tools	Site team	PAT Testing required every three months	SM/PM		
Hot Works	Site team	HW Permit system in place	SM	On-going	
Heaters					
Plant	Site team/Public	TMP, Documentation checking and monitoring	SM	On-going	
Combustible material					
Solids – including material storage & protective coverings					
Liquids					
Gas					
Waste					
Office / Welfare accommodation					
Fridges	Site team	PAT testing every three months	SM/PM		
Kettles	Site team	PAT testing every three months	SM/PM		
Microwave Oven	Site team	PAT testing every three months	SM/PM		
Heaters	Site team	PAT testing every three months	SM/PM		

Cookers					
Site offices					
DSE Equipment					
Photocopiers					
Client interface					
Occupied buildings	Site team/Public				
Public interface					
Pedestrian Routes	Site team/Public	TMP Monitored and updated	SM/PM	On-going	
Vehicle Routes	Site team/Public	TMP Monitored and updated	SM/PM	On-going	

1. The controls must be incorporated into the Major Incident & Business Continuity Plan and Safe System of Work

5.4 Records of Appointment – Site File

5.5 Site Layout Plan – Site File

5.6 Emergency Services Liaison

5.7 Fire Safety Emergency Precautions – Site File

5.8 Fire Protection – N/A

5.9 Hot Work

Hot works permits to be issued by the site team under the current guidelines.

5.10 Temporary Covering Materials – N/A

5.11 Portable Fire Extinguishers

5.12 Security against Arson

Site security to maintained 24 hours

5.13 Temporary Buildings/Accommodation

5.14 Storage of Flammable Liquids and Gasses

To be stored in the appropriate locked containers/cages.

5.15 Waste Management

Skips to be kept tidy and emptied regally as not build up waste.

5.16 Plant and Vehicles

5.17 Stored Materials

Material store area TBC

5.18 Smoking

Smoking will be prohibited other than the designated smoking area.

6.0 ADDITIONAL SITE SPECIFIC EMERGENCY ARRANGEMENTS

7.0 MONITORING & REVIEW

Separate Site File

8.0 SPECIFIC ARRANGEMENTS

Separate Site File

Schedule I - Site Layout Plan Including Hazardous Storage

Schedule II - Site Drainage Plan

A full and comprehensive drainage survey completed Dec 2016, the report including layouts and required details are kept on site and are readily available.

Appendix I – Occupational Health Strategy

Site management must consider the wider hazards and risks associated with the project such as occupational health concerns – this form is designed to assist site management identify and control occupational health hazards in adequate time ahead of the relevant activities and aid regular review.

Issue	Considerations	Hazards Identified	Controls planned
Working Hours/Resources	Stress Nightwork* *Risk Assessment Required.	Potential out of hours work due to the programme being accelerated	Carefully planned shift patterns if necessary to be considered.
Demolition	Asbestos, HAV, Noise, Dust	Refer to RAMs	RAMs to be approved prior to commencement on site and constantly assessed/amended during the contract.
Substructure	Pile cropping - HAV, Noise, Vibration, Dust	Hearing loss, disruption to others.	Noise levels to be monitored and kept to a safe level below 85db(A). All control measures will be documented in RA/MS
Ground works	Heavy Components, noise, dust, skin problems	Large plant working around site.	RAMs to be approved prior to commencement on site and constantly assessed/amended during the contract.
Masonry or Cladding	Heavy components, noise, dust, skin problems		
Building Frame	Heavy components, skin problems, HAV		
Temporary Works	Heavy components,	Collapse of excavations	Temporary shoring to be employed

	HAV, dust, skin problems		and monitored where required in line with Confined spaces working regulations.
Roofing	Heavy components, HAV, skin & respiratory problems		
Insulation/Air Tightness	Dust, skin problems		
Internal Wall Finishes	Dust, skin problems, respiratory problems		
Internal Floor Finishes	Dust, HAV, skin & respiratory problems		

Group Hand Arm Vibration procedure to be followed.

Vibration Magnitude levels for tools/equipment can be found by logging into the OPERC user account. Register on <http://www.operc.com/pages/havteclogin.asp>.

Health Assessments

Operations or Trades Identified as requiring health assessments and/or screening.	Contractor	How will this be addressed?
Labour		
Telehandler Operators		
Tower Crane Operators		
Asbestos Removal		
Lead Workers		
Others:		

NB: It is an employer's duty to identify risks to health via risk assessment and address/control as necessary. During pre-order stage if a contractor has not adequately addressed health assessments then the Build UK health questionnaire should be provided for their use.

These are not to be returned to site management. The completed forms are to inform and assist the employer. will need written confirmation that questionnaires have been issued, completed and taken into consideration by the contractor.

The following initiatives will be employed on site to reduce occupational health risks: -

Current HSE SHE targets/initiatives can be viewed at:
-<http://www.hse.gov.uk/construction/healthrisks>

Appendix J – Temporary Works Plan

Site set-up Accommodation

Site Fencing

Appendix K – Services Plan

A full and comprehensive services survey completed ...(Date)....., the report including layouts and required details are kept on site and are readily available.

Appendix L – Environmental Management Plan (EMP)

1. GENERAL PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

4.1 Waste Management

All waste will be managed in accordance with the Company Waste Management Procedures and where relevant, the Company Earthwork and Contaminated Land Procedures.

Services will manage waste through the development and implementation of a bespoke version of the Building Research Establishment (BRE) SMARTWaste Plan. The project team will use this plan to identify waste streams, forecast waste volumes and identify suitable methods to eliminate, or where this is not practicable, reduce waste generated by the project.

When considering management options for identified waste streams, and supply chain members will adhere to the principles outlined in the waste hierarchy below.



and supply chain members will ensure waste is stored away from drains, boreholes, wells and controlled waters. Containers shall be in good condition and, where required, covered to prevent dust and litter being blown out. If there is any likelihood of stored waste contaminating the surrounding environs, all necessary steps will be taken to ensure no contamination occurs. This may include the use of containment bunds with rain shelters and the use of sealed containers, i.e. clip-top drums and fluorescent tube coffins.

Before waste is treated and / or removed from site, all subcontractors / waste contractors must provide the project team with legible copies of the following documentation:

- Environmental permits (mobile plant licences) and exemption certificates authorising on-site crushing and screening activities;
- Waste Carriers Registration Certificates;
- Environmental Permits, (Waste Management Licences and PPC Permits);
- Notification certificate of exemption from environmental permitting.

The project team and, where applicable, subcontractors will ensure that the removal of all inert / non-hazardous waste is recorded on Waste Transfer Notes. These documents must be kept for a minimum of two years. These documents will be stored on site and made available on request.

The project team and, where applicable, subcontractors will ensure the removal of all hazardous waste is recorded on Hazardous Waste Consignment Notes. These documents must be kept for a minimum of three years. These documents will be stored on site and made available on request.

Legible copies of all Waste Transfer and Consignments Notes, recording the removal of waste from **Insert Site Name** must be issued to . This includes waste generated on site by subcontractors).

4.2 Storage of Fuel, Oils & Building Chemicals

Fuel, oil and chemicals will be managed in accordance with Company Pollution Prevention Procedures and COSHH Procedures.

Containers must be stored within a Spill Nappy (or similar), bund or any other suitable secondary containment system (SCS). All containers must be located in a safe place to minimise the risk of damage and locked-off when not in use.

For oil tanks, intermediate bulk containers and mobile bowsters the SCS must be able to hold:

- Where one container is being stored - a minimum of 110% of the total volume;
- Where more than one container is being stored - a minimum of 110% of the largest container's storage volume, or at least 25% of their total volume (whichever is greater);
- For drum storage, the interceptor tray must be able to hold at least 25% of the total storage capacity of the drums.

Bunded areas must be made impermeable to water and oil. The base and walls must not be penetrated by any valve, pipe or opening that is used for draining the system. For further guidance on bund construction and other requirements, please refer to CIRIA publication Construction of bunds for oil storage tanks (R163) and Environment Agency Pollution Prevention Guidelines 2 and 6. Guidance is available on request

Areas used to store fuel / oil and other potential contaminants are identified in Appendix H Fire Safety & Other Emergencies Plan.

4.3 Particulate Matter (Dust) & Noise

Dust and noise will be managed in accordance with Company Procedures'

4.3.1 Mobile Crushing & Screening Process

Crushing and screening will be managed in accordance with Company Procedures.

Crushing and screening of demolition material must be conducted in accordance with the plant operators' manual and, where applicable, environmental permit (mobile plant licence) / waste exemption certificate. The operator must use the Best Available Techniques (BAT) for preventing or, where this is not practicable, reducing emissions from the installation. The following items must be considered when attempting to reduce the environmental impact of this process:

- Location;
- Operation;
- Maintenance;
- On-site transfer of dusty materials;
- Condition of roadways / haulage routes;
- Stockpiling materials.

4.3.2 General Site Activities

With regard to nuisance, the methodology in which work activities are undertaken must apply Best Practicable Means (BPM) in order to minimise negative impact on local, sensitive receptors, such as schools and domestic dwellings. However, if measures to reduce excessive dust and noise are unsuccessful, work must stop and an alternative method devised before work can resume.

The following measures must be considered when attempting to reduce noise and dust:

- Use sheeted lorries and sealed / covered skips;
- Use dust extraction equipment when drilling and cutting;
- Damp down haulage roads and stockpiled materials in dry or windy weather;
- Sweep access roads regularly;
- Grass over topsoil which is being stockpiled for landscaping or off-site re-use;
- Locate plant and equipment away from sensitive receptors;
- Use screens, including earth bunds to act as acoustic barriers;
- Isolate plant and equipment when not in use;
- Fit white noise systems on vehicles to reduce noise nuisance when reversing;
- Keep engine compartment doors closed;
- Limit vehicle movements on-site, i.e. use of one-way system.

4.4 Previously Unidentified Issues

If one or more of the following is discovered, work in that location must stop immediately and the Project Environmental Co-ordinator (PEC) informed:

- Contaminated soils;
- Archaeological remains or features;
- Suspicious objects;
- Underground storage tanks;
- Invasive species, i.e. Japanese Knotweed;
- Protected species, i.e. badgers, bats, amphibians, reptiles and plant life.

4.5 Emergency & Incident Preparedness

In order to minimise the risk of a pollution incident, subcontractors must ensure all operatives understand the environmental risks associated with their work activity and what control measures are in place to eliminate or reduce negative environmental impact.

Environmental emergency planning must be managed in accordance with existing company procedures, including the development of a project-specific Fire Safety & Other Emergencies Plan (Appendix H of the Construction Phase Plan).

A Major Emergency Response Plan must be implemented where relevant.

Reporting and investigation of environmental incidents must be in accordance with the Company Procedures.

Monitoring, Auditing & Reporting

Please refer to 4.18 of the Construction Phase Plan.

4.6 Management Structure & Responsibilities

Please refer to 4.1 and 4.2 of the Construction Phase Plan

4.7 Training Awareness & Competence

Please refer to 4.14 of the Construction Phase Plan

Appendix M –Risk Assessment & Method Statement Register

REF:	ACTIVITY	CONTRACTOR (STATE IF)	DATE EVALUATED	DATE ACCEPTED	DATE BRIEFED TO OPERATIVES
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					

Appendix N – Site Personnel Appointment Sheets

Site File

Appendix O – Training Matrix

Appendix P – Company Policy Statements

Appendix Q – Company Objectives & Targets

Appendix R – (Other) Specify

DRAFT